

## EXCHANGER FOR TRAY FEEDER

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 5        Field of the Invention

      The present invention relates to an exchanger for  
a tray feeder, and in particular to an improved  
exchanger for a tray feeder which can put or fetch a  
tray on which an electronic parts is mounted in/from a  
10 magazine.

#### Description of the Background Art

      Referring to Figures 1 and 2, in a conventional  
electronic parts feeder for feeding an electronic parts  
15 along a tray, a magazine 3 receiving the electronic  
parts 4 is supported by a lifter 7 lifted or lowered  
along a ball screw 6 driven by a driving motor 5.

      When a necessary electronic parts 4 is selected,  
the lifter 7 is moved in an upper or lower direction.  
20 The magazine 3 receiving a tray plate 2 is supported on  
the lifter 7. After a position of the lifter 7 is  
decided, the tray plate 2 received in the magazine 3 is  
grasped and transferred by driving of a tray plate fetch  
unit 8.

25        Thereafter, the electronic parts 4 is moved to the  
upper portion of a centering table 11 by a moving unit  
10 having a moving nozzle 9. The centering table 11 on

which the electronic parts is put is moved to the  
mounter side, thereby supplying the electronic parts 4.

However, the conventional electronic parts feeder  
has a disadvantage in that, when the tray plate fetch  
5 unit 8 is driven to grasp and fetch the tray plate 2  
received in the magazine 3 during the operation of the  
mounter, the tray plate 2 received in the magazine 3  
does not maintain a constant position by shaking due to  
the driving of the electronic parts feeder. As a result,  
10 the tray plate fetch unit 8 incompletely or imprecisely  
grasps the tray plate 2, and thus the electronic parts  
are not normally mounted.

#### **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

15 Accordingly, it is an object of the present  
invention to provide an exchanger for a tray feeder  
which can easily grasp a tray plate receiving an  
electronic parts with a suction force of a plurality of  
20 vacuum pads of a nozzle support unit, and which can  
stably precisely replace the tray plate.

In order to achieve the above-described object of  
the invention, there is provided an exchanger for a tray  
feeder for transferring and exchanging a tray plate  
25 comprising: first and second support frames; a guide  
support unit including a support frame installed between  
the first and second support frames; a vacuum generator

provided with a side of the second support frame; a nozzle support unit including a pitting unit for transferring a vacuum suction force by connecting it to the vacuum generator, a plurality of vacuum pad for performing a grasp of the tray plate with the vacuum suction force transferred from the pitting unit, and a plurality of stopper capable of supporting the tray plate; a head block connected to a side of the nozzle support unit; a guide block installed to a second belt as a state connected to the head block, thereby capable of guiding the nozzle support unit; a transfer means for transferring the guide block; a driving means for driving the transfer means.

#### 15 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will become better understood with reference to the accompanying drawings which are given only by way of illustration and thus are not limitative of the present invention, wherein:

Figure 1 is a perspective view illustrating a means for putting a tray in a magazine in a conventional electronic parts feeder;

Figure 2 is a perspective view illustrating the conventional electronic parts feeder;

Figure 3 is a perspective view illustrating a tray feeder having an exchanger in accordance with the

present invention;

Figure 4 is a rear-perspective view illustrating a main frame of the tray feeder;

Figure 5 is a perspective view illustrating the exchanger; and

Figure 6 is a perspective view illustrating a nozzle support unit of the exchanger.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

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An exchanger for a tray feeder in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention will now be described in detail with reference to Figures 3 to 5.

The tray feeder (referred to as 'electronic parts feeder') of the present invention includes: an exchanger 100 for putting or fetching a plurality of tray plates 450; a stacker 200; a magazine 300 and a transfer 400.

The stacker 200 includes a cover frame 210 and a main frame 220.

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The cover frame 210 has a plurality of horizontal frames 211, longitudinal frames 212 and vertical frames 213 to surround an outer portion thereof. A base unit 214 is formed at the lower portion of the vertical frames 213.

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As illustrated in Figures 3 and 4, the transfer 400 and the exchange 100 are connected at the upper portion of the main frame 220 positioned at one side

portion of the cover frame 210.

A motor 215 is installed at one side portion of the upper portion of a support frame 217 positioned at one side portion of the main frame 220. A ball screw 216 is connected to a motor shaft (not shown) of the driving motor 215. Since the ball screw 216 is connected to one side portion of an elevator 240, when the ball screw 216 is operated by driving the driving motor 215, the elevator 240 is moved in a predetermined direction.

In addition, a plurality of LM guides 218 for guiding the elevator 240 positioned on the base unit 214 are installed at one side portion of the support frame 217.

A plurality of guide blocks 232 connected to one side portion of the elevator 240 are inserted into the plurality of LM guides 218. The other portions of the guide blocks 232 are connected to one side portion of the guide frame 230 connected to the elevator 240, thereby lifting or lowering the elevator 240.

A plurality of electronic parts (refer to Figure 1) are mounted on the plurality of trays 460 in the magazine 300. The plurality of trays 460 are mounted on the plurality of tray plates 450.

First and second plates 430 and 440 for transferring the tray plates 450 are positioned at both end portions of the upper portion of the transfer 400 at a predetermined interval, and a driving unit 442 is

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formed at one side portion thereof, thereby driving the first and second plates 430 and 440.

Figure 5 is a perspective view illustrating the exchanger of Figure 3, and Figure 6 is an enlarged perspective view illustrating the nozzle support unit of the exchanger.

The exchanger 100 includes: a nozzle support unit 110; a guide support unit 120; a driving unit 130; a guide block 150; and a head block 140.

The guide support unit 120 includes a first support frame 123 and a second support frame 124 positioned at both ends of the support frame 125. First and second support blocks 121 and 122 are installed at one end portions of the first and second support frames 123 and 124. LM guides 126 are installed at both end portions of the first and second support blocks 121 and 122.

A sensor unit 170 for sensing a position and distance of the tray plate 450 is formed at one side portion of the first support frame 123. The driving unit 130 for moving the nozzle support unit 110 is formed at the other side portion thereof.

A driving shaft 134 is connected to a motor 139 of the driving unit 130. In the driving shaft 134, a first belt 133 is wound and positioned in a driving pulley 131 and an idle pulley 132. The idle pulley 132 is inserted and connected to a first roller shaft 135.

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vacuum generator 160  
frame 124, and connec  
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e guide block 150 is i  
r performing a guidin  
0 formed at the lower  
guide groove 142 is fo  
d block 140, so that  
l thereinto.  
e nozzle support unit  
tion of the head b  
111 are supported in  
lity of vacuum pads  
of the tray plate 450  
r supporting one side  
alternately formed on

The nozzle support unit 110 is formed at the lower end portion of the head block 140. A plurality of nozzles 111 are supported in the nozzle support unit 110. A plurality of vacuum pads 111a for sucking one side portion of the tray plate 450 and a plurality of stopper 111b for supporting one side portion of the tray plate 450 are alternately formed on the respective nozzles 111.

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pulley 132 rotates the first roller shaft 135, inserted into the first roller shaft 135, and the first roller shaft 135 is inserted into the support block 121 and rotated.

5           When the first roller 138 is rotated by the first roller shaft 135, the second belt 137 positioned in the first and second rollers is rotated along the outer surfaces of the first and second rollers.

          Here, the guide block 150 fixed on the second belt  
10 137 is moved in a forward direction along the second belt 137, and the head block 140 and the nozzle support unit 110 connected to the guide block 150 are also moved in a forward direction. The vacuum generator 160 provided at one side portion of the second support frame  
15 124 connected to the pitting unit 112 formed on the nozzle support unit 110 supplies the suction force to the vacuum pads 111a. Thus, when the vacuum pads are installed at the lower portion of the guide block 150, the plurality of vacuum pads 111a formed at one side  
20 portion of the nozzle support unit 110 sucks and grasps support protrusions formed at one side portion of the tray plate 450.

          When the driving pulley 131 is inversely rotated by inverse-driving of the motor 139 of the driving unit  
25 130 installed at one side portion of the exchanger 110, the driving pulley 131 is inversely rotated, and the first belt 133 is rotated along the outer surfaces of

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the driving pulley 131 and the idle pulley 132, thereby inversely rotating the idle pulley 132.

When the first roller shaft 135 is inversely rotated, the first roller 138 inserted into the other  
5 end portion of the first roller shaft 135 is also inversely rotated, and thus the second belt 137 positioned in the first and second rollers are inversely rotated along the outer surfaces of the first and second rollers.

10 When the guide block 150 installed on the second belt 137 is moved from the magazine 300 to the rear portion, the nozzle support unit 110 of the head block 140 connected to the guide block 150 grasps the tray plate 450 from the magazine 300, moves in a back ward  
15 direction, and fetches it.

When the suction force of the vacuum pads 111a is removed by the operation of the vacuum generator 160, the fetched tray plate 450 is positioned on the second plate 440 formed at the upper portion of the side of the  
20 transfer 400. The tray plate 450 is transferred to a mounter by the second plate 440 by driving of the transfer 400. At the same time, the first plate 430 positioned at the other side portion of the transfer 400 is returned to the exchanger side.

25 The tray plate 450 finishing the mounting operation of the electronic parts is mounted on the first plate 430. A distance and position of the tray

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plate 450 are sensed by the sensor unit 170 provided at one side portion of the guide support unit 120. When the tray plate 450 stops at a predetermined position, the nozzle support unit 110 formed at one side portion of the exchanger 100 is operated to grasp the tray plate 450.

The tray plate 450 is received in the magazine 300, and then lowered with the magazine 300 by driving of the elevator 240. The electronic parts is mounted on the tray plate 450 received in the magazine 300. Then, the tray plate 450 is received in the magazine 300, and lifted with the magazine 300 to transfer the electronic parts to the mounter.

In accordance with the present invention, when the tray plate 450 on which the electronic parts transferred to the upper portion of the second plate 440 of the transfer 400 is mounted is transferred, the sensor unit 170 provided at one side portion of the guide support unit 120 senses the position of the tray plate 450. Moreover, the tray plate 450 on which the tray 460 receiving the electronic parts is mounted can be stably precisely put and fetched due to suction and grasp of the vacuum pads 111a and fixing and supporting of the stoppers 111b.

As discussed earlier, in accordance with the present invention, the tray plate on which the electronic parts is mounted is precisely grasped by the

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operation of the tray feeder exchanger, and stably transferred to a predetermined position, which results in improved workability, reliability and productivity.

As the present invention may be embodied in several forms without departing from the spirit or essential characteristics thereof, it should also be understood that the above-described embodiment is not limited by any of the details of the foregoing description, unless otherwise specified, but rather should be construed broadly within its spirit and scope as defined in the appended claims, and therefore all changes and modifications that fall within the metes and bounds of the claims, or equivalences of such metes and bounds are therefore intended to be embraced by the appended claims.